bidso County Directory

CIT GOVERNMENT.

30 HUGH WMITH, Mayor. WIAM SHINE, Recorder. JOCHUMBIEY, Marshal.

elywiar-W. H. Vikingon, A. C. Tucker he of the jet-John Chambley, ex-officia, first

. Ryan at | and John Reddick, third. r Amestodliam Driver entie Coll-A. B. Shankland.

oper Tax for-E. St. Carrett. harf Manhomas Leaks. seclates the Worldons .- J. G. Dodd.

perintend the Water Works-James Wysti. lef of the Department-John N. Scalmry. son of thactery-T. H. McBride. ect Overal L. Stowart. ly Attornolin McPhali Smith.

TY COUNCIL

and of Aen-M. M. Brien, President J. R. man, G. Mayfield, H.G. Scovel, Wm. S. Chest-J. C. SaM. 6, L. Chiborne, and Jas. Robb. umon CI-W. P. Junes, President; William rts. T. Jibrough, Wm. Driver, Wm. Stewart, s Hough Mullins, James Turner, G. M. South-A. J. Coas. Davis. Andrew Anderson, J. R. wtor, andor thready.

STANDARD OF THE CITY COUNCIL. nonce-Bries, Scovet and Cole, oter Was Anderson, Smith and Claiborne. wets-Yrough, Turner, Southgate, Davis, Brien,

field, Chism and Clathorns. herf-Kan, Stowart and Turner. spiral-in, Mayfield and Slean. nots-Cham, Mayfield and Knowles. ire Depoint-Oready, Driver and Newman. -DrivCheatham and Davis.

octory-10th, Stewart and Newman relet In-Roberts, Stowart and Turner. --- Hit, Chilborne and Davis. lise-Oliam, Brien and Anderson age igh, Chilberno and Brien. orkhous Cheutham, Mayfield and Knowles.

blic Perty-Brien, Cheathaln and Torner. or Hor-Mayfield, Jones and Roberts. Thepar of Aldermen though the Tuesdays promag the second and fourth Thorsdays in montand the Common County I the second corridoradays in each mouth.

provens and Espenditures-Cole, Scovel and

NIGHT POLICE

stone ohn Bangh. ret Lieunste-Win. Varbrough. ond Josephan - John H. Davia. olieno - Wm. Jackson John Cavender, Nich Da-Jost ellips, Wm. Baker, John Cottrell, William Jos Engles, J. W. Wright, John Puckett, ert Set, W. C. Francis, Thomas Francis, Andrey e, Dad Yates, and Charles Hulitt.

Tolice Court is opened every morning

COUNTY OFFICERS

constitution Deputies Thomas Hoband JK. Bucharan cyling Phiness Garrett were W. Jasper Taylor rose-N H. Belcher. oige-John Corbiti cense Collector - I. O. Britay. lead Tue Collector-W. D. Robertson. matbles for the Nushalle District-John D. Gower J. L. Newman.

COUNTY COURT.

udgetelion. James Whitworth. P. Lindsley Nichol. The Judge's Court meets the first Monday in month, and the Quarterly Court, composed of Magistrates of the County, in held the first Men-

in January, April, July and October CIRCUIT COURT.

lerk-David C. Love-The Court meets the first Monday in March

negs-Hon. Nathaniel Barter.

September.

CRIMINAL COURT. Judge-Hon. William K. Torner.

Nork-Charles E. Diggons. The Court meets the first Monday in April Auat and December.

CHANCERY COURT.

Chancellar-Hon , Samuel D. Frierson. Circle and Moster-J. E. Gleaves. The Court mosts the first Monday in May an

I. O. O. F.

us F. Hinn, Grand Secretary, should be addressed at Nonheille, Team.

Tonnessee Ladge, No. 1-Meets every Tuesday Eveng, at their Hall, on the corner of Union and Sum- One Column I or streets. The officers for the present term, are: S. Legueur, N.G.; J. E. Mills, V.G.; J. L. Weakley, eretary; L. K. Spain, Tremsurer.

Trabus Lodge, No. 108-Meets at the same plans very Monday Evening. The officers are : R. A. ampbell, N. G.; Henry Apple, V. G.; J. L. Park, scretary ; B. F. Brown, Treasurer.

Smiley Lodge, No. 90-Meets at their Hall, on South merry street, every Friday Evening. The officers w | O. C. Covert, N.O.; Frank Harman, V.G.; James Wyatt, Secretary ; W. M. Mallory, Tressurer.

Aurora Lodge, No. 105; (German)-Moots at the fall, corner of Union and Summer streets, every Chursday Evening. The officers are : Charles Rich, N.G.; P. Friedmau, V.G.; - Bitterlich, Secretary; Geo. Seiferie, Treasurer,

Ridgely Encomposent, No. 1-Meets at the above Hall on the first and third Wednesdays of each month The officers are: J. E. Mills, C.P.; T. H. Mollride, H. P.; O. F. Fuller, S.W.; Peter Harris, Jr., J.W.; John F. Hide, Scribe ; B. R. Cutter, Treasurer.

Olies Branch Ecocomponent, So. 4-Mects at the above Hall on the second and fourth Wednesday nights of each mouth. The officers are | Jas. T. Beli., C.P., Henry Apple, H.P., L. Moker, S.W.; B. Friedman, J.W . Charles Errober, Series; J. N. Ward,

DAVIDSON COUSTY DIRECTORY -- Continued.

MILITARY QUARTERS AND OFFICERS. Post-Headquariers on High street. Gen Negley,

Symmunding. Disselet-Headquarters on Summer street (Dr. Ford's regidence.) W. H. Sidell, Maj. tith U. S. In-

funtry, A. A. A. G. Process Marshal-Headquarters at the Capitol, A.

Gillem, Col. 1st Tenn. Infantry. Chief Assistant Quartermaster - Rendquarters on Cherry street; No. 10, (Judge Calron's residence.)

Capt. J. D. Bingham. Assistant Quartermaster-No. - Cherry street. Capt.

Amidost Quartermenter-Vine street, unax Mrs. Polic's residence. Capt. R. N. Lamb. Assistant Quarternusier-No. 37, Market street .-

Chief Commissing-Headquarters, No. 10, Vine at. Capt. R. Macfeely.

Countiering of Euleritemes-Broad atreet. Capt. S.

Acting Commissary of Substatence-Corner of Broad and College streets. Limit Charles Allen. Medical Director-Summer street. (Dr. Ford's old

esidence.) Sargeon, E. Swift. Medical Parceyor's Office-Church street, Masonic Building. J. R. Finria, Surgeon, 8th Kentucky Infantry, Acting Medical Purveyor.

PROSPECTUS 02 200

NASHVILLE UNION.

The Nashville Union was combined a few weeks since, for the purpose of opposing the Rebet Southern Confederacy, and of advocating the restoration of Federal authority, without any abatement, over all the States, which have attempted to second. It had as freedantly to support, and as fees all who oppose the Union of the States. It has no watchword but They now any National Propagate.

The Union of the States. It has no watchword but Ferrone and traite ims no compromise to make. It contends for the Federal Constitution and the Laws made in pursuance thereof so the Strains Law of the Laws of any of the States to the contrary notwithstanding.

standing.
It contends for the Union of the States, because without it the preservation of our liberties and insti-tutions and the organization of society itself are wholly impossible. Therefore, whatever stands in the way of crushing out the rebellion and restoring

e Union must perish, no matter by what same it be To the people of Tennessee, ever renowned for their devotion to Liberty and Union, until they were be-trayed to the rebel despotism at Richmond by a per-dious Governor and corrupt Legislature, and who have felt so heavily the awful curse of treason and anarchy, we appeal for support. Let the names of rubel office-holders, Vugliance Committees, and Minute Men, who have filled our borders with mourning, be gibbetted before the world. Let there ambitious and avaricious men who have plotted our rain for their own aggrandizement be fastened to the pillory o own aggramment to lastened to face placery of anome, no matter how high their "then in society. Let it be shown how the self-styled defenders of "Southern Hights" are now leading maranding bands of free-booters and mass troopers over our State, tid-napping negroes, shealing horses and cattle, breaking into houses, harding callroad bridges and cars, and murdering marined citizens in cold blood. Let the muricing unspired curries in cold mass. Let the truth, so long excluded by the Southern complication, now direction freely through every neighborhood, and our rause will assuredly triumph. Will not loyal man every where and us in the dissemblation of facts and the alcountry of Free Government?

Torms of Subscriptions in Par Funds,

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are All communications on business with the Office will be addressed to the PUBLISHERS of the UNION. and all communications to the Editor will be address to S. C. MERGER

Editors of loyal newspapers will do us a great kind ness by re-publishing the foregoing or its substance The current transactions in Tennessee for months to nome will be highly interesting to all lovers of their country and her free institutions, and the columns of the Usion will furnish the earliest and most reliable history of these events.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

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12 ... Advertisements occupying any special position in-ide, 20 per cent, additional; special position outside,

O per cent.

AP Advertisements inserted in the Local Column sharged at the rate of twenty cents per line.

Changes may be made periodically when agreed apon; but every such change will involve extra excense, to be paid for by the advertiser.

Advertisers exceeding the space contracted for will be the paid for the second of the second for the second of the second for the second of the second

e charged for the excess, Marriage and Funeral Notices, When exceeding five lines, will be charged at the usual advertising rates.

Announcements of Candidates.

..... 3 00 Cash required in advance for all adversaments, union by special agreement.

We, the undersigned, have this day adopted the above rates, to which we bind nurselyes strictly to

WM. CAMEBON, for the Brees JOHN WALLACE, for the Dogolok Nagavone, Tenn., July 12, 1882.

Anshville Anion.

Published by an Association of Printers.

Office on Printers! Alley, between Union and Beaderick Streets.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 15, 1862.

Accident to the J. J. Roe.

One Person Killed-Nearly a Hundred Mules Loit.

The Memphis Bulletin says the steamer J. J. Roe, in Government service, bringing up horses, mules, and other articles from Helena, reached there on Thursday, in tow of the steamboat Rocket. At eleven o'clock the previous night, when passing along Wolfe Bend, on the Mississippi side, her tiller rope broke. The boat was going at her usual speed. The pilot rung the bell immediately on the breaking of the rope, but before the boat could be stopped she run on a large snag, which entered her starboard goard, tore up four of her state-rooms, bent the steampipe, allowing some steam to escape, tore up the cabin flooring twothirds across the saloon, and passed through the ceiling into the texas. The crashing of the wood and the escape of the steam caused the most intense alarm among those on board, and great confusion was caused, in the midst of which Japtain Yore, and Captain Jones and Mr. Woods, the clerks, preserved the utmost coolness, and at once proceeded to restore order and ascertain what injury had been done. It was found that between seventy-five and a hundred horses and mules, belonging to the government, had been lost overboard. Mrs Johnson, who was sleeping in one of the demolished staterooms, fell on the deck below, but escaped without serious injury. Mrs. Taft and her two children were in one of the destroyed staterooms. She and the children also fell to the lower deck. One of the children was killed by the fall, the other escaped without much hurt. Mrs. Taft herself suffered considerably though the injury is not, fatal. The Rocket came up, and as the state of the injured escape-pipe did not allow of its being used, by her aid and the use of the phis. When the amount of injury to the cabins and saloon is seen, it is impossible not to feel surprised that no more injury to persons or loss of life occurred.

The Terrible Battle of Iuka.

The fighting at the battle of Tuka was terrific. A letter says

The rebels charged and took the Eleventh Ohio Battery four different times, and it was as often retaken by our boys. Every horse in the battery was killed, and there were only eight men left unwounded, and fit for duty. Every officer was wounded, and one Lt. killed. It was supported by the Fifth Iowa, who fought like tigers-their first battle, too they met the rebels every time they charged, and fought them at close quarters. The desperation of the enemy was astonishing. Several of them endeavored to tear our colors from the hands of the men by main strength, and either perished in the attempt or were taken pris-

In one spot next morning I counted seventeen rebels lying dead around one of their Colonels. Sixteen feet square would cover the whole space where they died with their commander. Between two casions of the Eleventh Ohio Battery lay sixteen dead horses, and the battery lost ninety-three in the fight. In one place lay a rebel and a Union soldier, the Unionist shot through the breast, and in talling he had plunged his bayonet into the breast of the man who shot him, and they fell together, the rebel clutching our boy by the throat. They lay in this position on the field next morning, and it was with difficulty they were separated. Wounded and dead lay in all directions during the whole of the day succeeding the battle, it being impossible to remove them sooner. Price left his dead and wounded on the field, paying no attention whatever to them.

MORE INDIANA COTTON .- Mr. Peter Mann has presented the Editor of the New Albany Ledger with a number of well developed bolls of cotton raised by his mother, Mrs. Lightner, an active, hard-working old lady of ninety-three, at Mr. Mann's place, on the Charlestown road. There were twenty-eight bolls on a single stock, two of the best of which were accidentally destroyed. The Ledger has no doubt, that, with a favorable season, as the present has been, cotton could be made a profitable crop in all the Ohio river counties of Indiana and Illinois.

We have arms for all who will join us. Buckmar's Produmation

legs, to run away with.

LATE NEWS.

Helesa, Ark., Oct. 4.—A correspondent of the Missouri Republican says we have late and very reliable intelligence from rebel sources in this State, which is regarded by military menhere as worthy

of confidence. It is as late as the 18th and 22d ult., and seriously modifies many reports we have heard, some of which have reached the country. According to this information, the rebel forces in Arkansas number

and are encamped as follows: Gen. Hindman at Austin, 25 miles north of Little Rock, with 5,000 men and one battery: Gen. Rowan at White Sulphur Springs, near Pine Bluff on the Arkansas river and 50 miles southeast of Little Rock, with 5,000 men, 2 regiments of which are unarmed conscripts; also a Texan regiment and one battery, consisting of three 6-pounders (iron) one 12pounder (brass), and one siege piece mounted. Gen. McRae is on Arkansas river, thirty miles northwest of Napoleon, and Gen. Rains is at Cross Hollows with a reported force from 4,000 to 5,000, mosty convicts Gen. Holmes, Commanderin-Chief of all the forces at Little Rock, with about 2,000 and two battalions, one of two12-pounders and three 6-pounders, another of two rifled 6-pounders and 2

12-pound howitzers. General McBride is at Batesville with about 2,000 men, only 1,500 of whom are effective. Most of the cavalry force has been dismounted. At present it is not believed they have more than 2,900 cavalry in the State. At Arkadelphia, 100 miles southwest of Little Rock, the rebels manufacture, munitions of war, and have removed there all State records and papers. Though rebel Generals boast of their intentions to invade Missouri, it is not believed by intelligent men in their camp they intend to do so If they save the capital of their State it is all they desire at present, and more perhaps than they expect.

Special to the "melmati Commercial, Washington, Oct. 7 .- Your correspondent, who was with the President in his late visits, relates the following, which

is strictly true; After leaving Gen. Richardson, the party passed a house in which was a large number of Confederate wounded. By request of the President, . the party larboard wheel the boat reached Mem-phis. When the amount of injury to the wounded Confederates that if they had Resolu no objection he would be pleased to take them by the hand. He said the solemn obligations which we owe to our country and posterity compel the prosecution of this war, and it followed that many were our enemies through uncontrollable circumstances, and he bore them no malice, ward, and each silently but fervently shook the hand of the President. Mr. were wounded too severely to be able to arise, and bid them be of good cheer; assuring them that every possible care should be bestowed upon them to ameliorate their condition. It was a moving scene, and there was not a dry eye in the building, either among the Nationals or Confederates. Both the President and General McClellan were kind in their remarks and treatment of the rebel suffer-

ers during this remarkable interview. WASHINGTON, Oct. 7. A deserter from the 2d Virginia cavalry, who came within Sigel's lines to-day, says the brigade commanded by General Mumford, to which his regiment was attached, is stationed between Warrenton and the springs. There are three divisions at Culpepper C. H., commanded by Gen. G. W. Smith, two of which are new troops. There is a large force at Gordonsville. This deserter was with the rebels in Maryland, where he heard officers say their loss was 20,000-16,000 killed and wounded, the residue in pris-

oners and deserters. He says Lee's army is growing every day, the old regiments being filled by

conscripts. From an official list forwarded to the War Department by Gen. Sigel it appears that the number of rebel prisoners taken by our cavalry at Warrenton was 1,132, and they were paroled. Not one in the whole number but seemed anxious and willing to take the oath.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, CAMP, NEAR SHARPSBURG, Oct. 8.

General Order No. 163. The attention of the officers and soldiers of the Army of the Potomac is called to General Orders No. 139, from the War Department, Sept. 28th, 1802, publishing to the army the President's proclamation of Sept. 22d.

A proclamation of such grave moment to the nation, officially communicated to the army, affords the General commanding an opportunity of defining specially to the officers and soldiers under his command the relation borne by all persons in the military service of the United States towards the civil authorities of the Government. The constitution con-It seems that they had greater need of fides to the civil authorities, legislative, judicial, and executive, the power and public "

duty of making, expounding, and executing the Federal laws. Armed forces are before Sigel's advance entered Warrenin strict subordination thereto in all re- enforcing the conscript act, and gathered

This fundamental rule of our political Augusta. system is essential to the security of our republican institutions, and should be Clellan.

every soldier. The principle upon which and the ob- pairs at the Navy-yard. ects for which it shall be employed in Just previous to our late reconnoiseance suppressing rebellion must be determined to Warrenton, over 3,000 rebel wounded and declared by the civil authorities, and were sent through that place to Culpepthe Chief Executive, who is charged with per Court House, from the battle in the administration of national affairs, is Maryland. It is now established beyond the proper and only source through which | doubt that Lee's report of a loss of only can be made known to the armies of the to at least five times that number. nation. The discussion by officers and soldiers concerning public means deter- of Sheppardstown, I learn that the rebels mined upon and declared by the Gov- are making extensive preparations to ernment, when carried at all beyond the hold the country between Winchester and ordinary, temperate, and respectful ex- Williamsport. He also states that a large pression of opinion, tend greatly to im- number of bodies of dead rebels are pair and destroy the discipline and lying on the Virginia side of the Potomac, efficiency of the troops by instituting the at the point of the late skirminhes, near spirit of political faction for that firm,

highest duty of the American soldier. The remedy for political errors, if any about dead men. are committed, is to be found only in the

steady, and earnest support of the au-

action of the people at the polls. army to the true relation between the soldiers and the Government, the Genadvisable, during our whole history, to guard the armies of the Republic, and in so doing he will not be discouraged by any right-minded person, as casting any reflection upon that loyalty and good conduct which has been so fully and so often illustrated on so many battle-fields. In carrying out all measures of public policy, this army will of course be guided by the same rules of mercy and christianity that have ever controlled its conduct toward the defenceles-

By command of Maj. Gen. McClellan. JAS. A. HARDRE, Lieut. Colonel,

A. D. C., and A. A. G. Boston, Oct. 8,-The Democratic Con-

Boston Herald, presided. A motion to adopt the People's ticket

suppress the rebellion; urging the Presi- Secretary of War upon the subject. dent to stand by the Constitution; repudiating the meeting of the Governors; eulogizing General McClellan; sympathizing with the families and friends of and could take them by the hand with that the province of the Government is nors have received no orders of any kind sympathy and good feeling. After a to save the Union and to save or to des-short silence, the Cenfederates came for-troy slavery, but we are opposed alike to be no permanent Union where these ex-Lincoln and General McClellan then ist; tendering sympathy to the loyal walked forward by the side of those who | men in the border States, and regretting | check local organizations for military that the President, forgetful of his obli-

habeas corpus. Judge Wells moved to amend by reording the adoption of the Fancuil Hall ticket.

The convention adjourned in great confusion and without leaving a record of its action.

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 7 .- The Richmond Esaminer of the 6th has a despatch dated Savannah, Oct. 4, which says that the Federals attacked our batteries at St. Johns, on the 1st, and after an hour's engagement were repulsed. The Federals subsequently landed at Greenville Point in force, and marched a mile to the rear of our battery, where a fight began at 10 A. M. No particulars received.

many buildings.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 8 .- The city election passed off very quietly. A very small vote was polled. Chapman, the regular Union candidate, received 8,877 votes, and Fickey, independent Union, received party of rebel sympathizers, all resi-1,183. The entire regular Council ticket dents of this city, had the temerity on was elected with one exception.

letter received from a friend on the Wes. sides near the corner of Seventh street tern World, attached to the blockading and Broadway, with a view of paying squadron off Port Royal, I extract the following, under date of September 26th -Last Sunday the Braxiture captured a schooner laden with salt, quininc, gin, and medicine, late from Nassau; she was rel, of the Provost Guard, paid the scene commanded by Capt. Gladding, formuly of festivity an unannounced visit and of the U.S. navy, and, who within the ast month was caught while trying to run the blockade with a load of cotton.

The father of Capt. Gladding is a

It is now known that some nine hours raised and supported simply to sustain ton, Stuart, with 2,000 cavalry, left that the civil authorities, and are to be held place, where they had been engaged in the material captured from our men in

Affairs are quiet with the army of Mo-

thoroughly understood and observed by The gunboat Monitor arrived here today, and is undergoing some slight re-

the views and orders of the Government 5,000, is grossly false, and that it amounts

Sheppardstown. They are so much decomposed that none care to touch them, thority of this Government, which is the while the rebel commanders assert that they have not time to trouble themselves

The exact number of prisoners takers by Col. McLean, in his late recompois-In thus calling the attention of this sance to Warrenton, is 1,032, and they

were all paroled on the spot. A large number of State prisoners eral commanding merely adverts to an leave to-day, for Richmond, to be exevil against which it has been thought changed, under charge of Major Schenek. Gen. Hooker has recovered so as to be

able to ride about the streets. CHICAGO, Oct. 8 .- The Tribune's Cairo special despatch says the rebel Colonels ohnson, Rogers, Rose, Morton, and Mc-Laire, and Maj. Jones were killed, and Cols. Daly and Pitch severely wounded in the late battle at Corinth.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8 .- The Surgeon-General has returned from his visit of inspection to the Philadelphia hospitals. He found them all in first-rate order, far better than those which exist in any other city which he has visited. The supplies are ample and the arrangements excellent, The Chestnut Hill hospital, vention held at Worcester to-day was now in course of construction, will confully attended. Edwin C. Baily, of the tain over three thousand beds, and will be the largest in the world.

General Walbridge, John Austin Stenominated at the Fancuil Hall Conven- vens, Messrs. McCurdy. Lathrop, and alighted and entered the building. Mr. tion was discussed with considerable other New Yorkers are now here to urge the early occupation of Texas, in Com-Resolutions were read pledging sup- pany with Col. Hamilton, of that State, post in the use of all legitimate means to They have had an interview with the

News about the Draft.

The Boston Traveller states upon good those who have fallen in battle; saying authority that the New England Gover-The story of 400,000 more men being secession and abolitionism, and there can called for as soon as the 600,000 are obtained is therefore unfounded. Chicago Journal says this should not drill, as the men may be needed very gations, has issued a proclamation of soon. By pursuing such a system, emancipation, and protesting against it the rebels have been able to replenish and against the suspension of the writ of their army so frequently with disciplined soldiers. A few weeks' drill gives an immense advantage to recruits.

Drafted men are treated as follows in Connecticut: they are allowed to choose what companies they will go in, if the Captain of the company gives his consent. They have no voice in the election of officers, and can only obtain a furlough by giving sureties for their appearance when wanted. The conscripts from Hartford were sent to camp on the 17th. One of them had secured a substitute for \$300, but the fellow took up with a higher bidder, and the drafted man had to face the music bimself. All who do not answer to their names are to be treated as deserters without further notice. The workmen in Colt's and Oil City, Pa., Oct. 8 .- A terrific fire Sharp's armories at Hartford who were occurred on Oil Creek on the Blood and drafted have been excused by the War Tarr farms. The cil and wells and sev- Department from serving. There was eral refineries were burned, and a large little need of drafting, for those who do amount of oil consumed. The fire ex- not sneak are exempt somehow. A petended over half a mile. The loss is es- culiarly hard case, under the draft, is timated at from one to two hundred that of Mrs. Hills, a widow lady, residthousand dollars. The flaming wells are ing at Hartford. She had three sons. still on fire. About thirty thousand She consented that two of them should barrels of oil were burned, besides a great enlist, and they are now in the army .-The presence of the other son at home was necessary for the support of the mother. He is drafted.

ARREST OF REBEL SYMPATHERES .- A Tuesday evening to meet at the residence WASHINGTON, Oct. 3 -- From a private of W. W. Owen, a noted rebel, who retheir respects and offering consolation to a number of paroled secession prisoners, who were guests of Mr. Owen. In the midst of their bilarity, Lieut. Col. Fermarched twenty-two of the party to the Military prison. - Louisville Journal

An officer who was at the battle of prominent citizen of Bristol, R. I. Papers Sharpsburg says that he saw the "Green of high importance were found upon the Flag" of General Meagher's brigade go prize, the nature of which was not made down five times out of hight, and as often reappear in the conflict.